Clean Coalition Making Clean Local Energy Accessible Now



What are the

roadblocks and problems

to getting to a high distributed energy resource (DER) future?



Four Birds with one stone

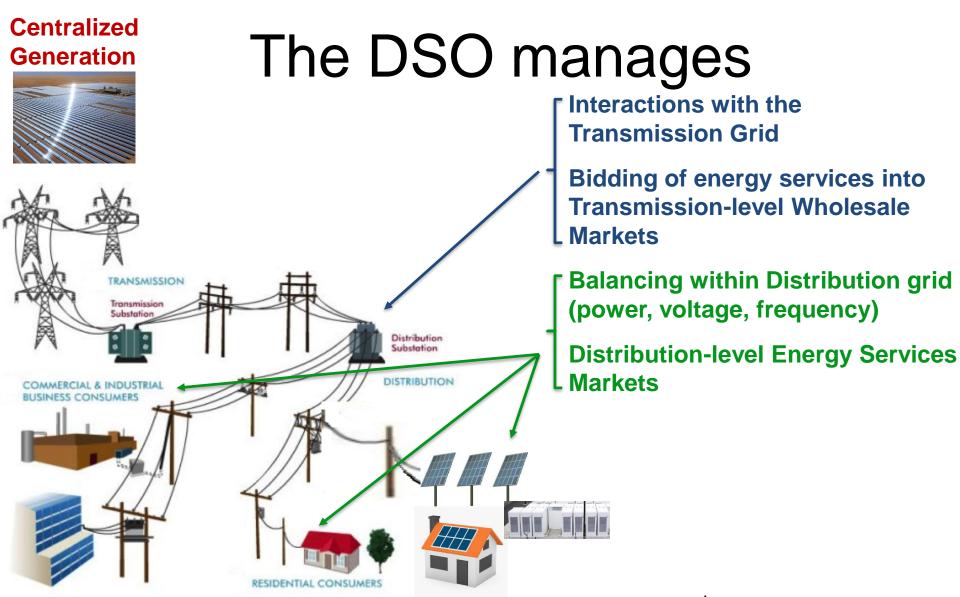


- 1. Improve reliability and simplify grid operations
- 2. Eliminate market distortions
- 3. Save ratepayers money
- 4. Capture the value stack for DER



The Distribution System Operator (DSO): A dedicated operator of the distribution grid



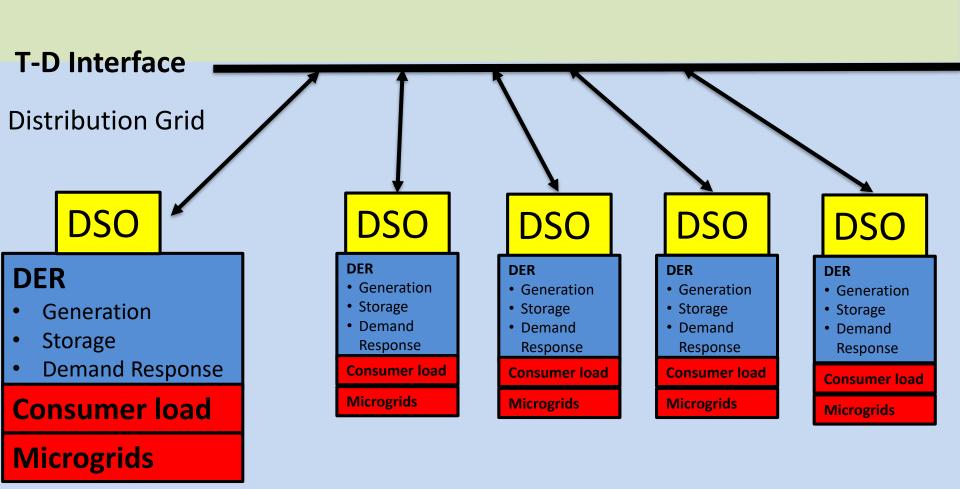


The DSO Grid Model



Transmission Grid

Transmission System Operator



Creating the DSO: Clean The Clean Coalition Plan



Step 1:

Separate transmission from distribution

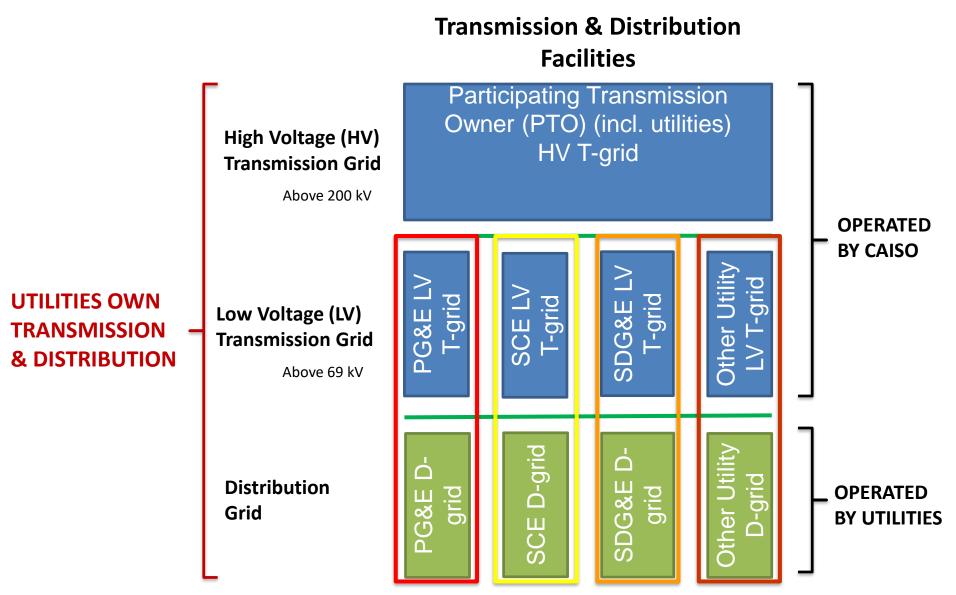
Split existing utilities from transmission assets with a bright line separation

between transmission and distribution businesses.

There is no (big) step 2

California's electricity grid market structure TODAY





Clean Coalition Proposal: Restructuring to improve competition and innovation





Only
Participating
Transmission
Owners
own
transmission
assets

BRIGHT LINE

Litilities

High Voltage (HV) Transmission Grid

Above 200 kV

Low Voltage (LV)
Transmission Grid

Above 69 kV

Participating Transmission
Owner (PTO)

HV T-grid

T-grid

LV T-grid LV T-grid

OPERATED BY CAISO

Utilities
own & operate
distribution
only

Distribution Grid

PG&E Dgrid SCE D-grid

SDG&E Dgrid Other Utility D-grid

OPERATED BY UTILITIES

One weird trick to reform your energy grid



Only the ownership and maintenance of transmission assets changes

Grid Segment	Current Market Structure		DSO Restructuring	
	Owned/ Revenue	Operated	Owned/ Revenue	Operated
High Voltage (HV) Transmission Grid (above 200kV)	Participating Transmission Owners, Utilities	CAISO	Participating Transmission Owners	CAISO
Low Voltage (LV) Transmission Grid (above 69 kV)	Utilities	CAISO	Participating Transmission Owners	CAISO
Distribution Grid	Utilities	Utilities	Utilities	Utilities
Transmission Markets		TSO		TSO
Distribution Markets		(none)		DSO

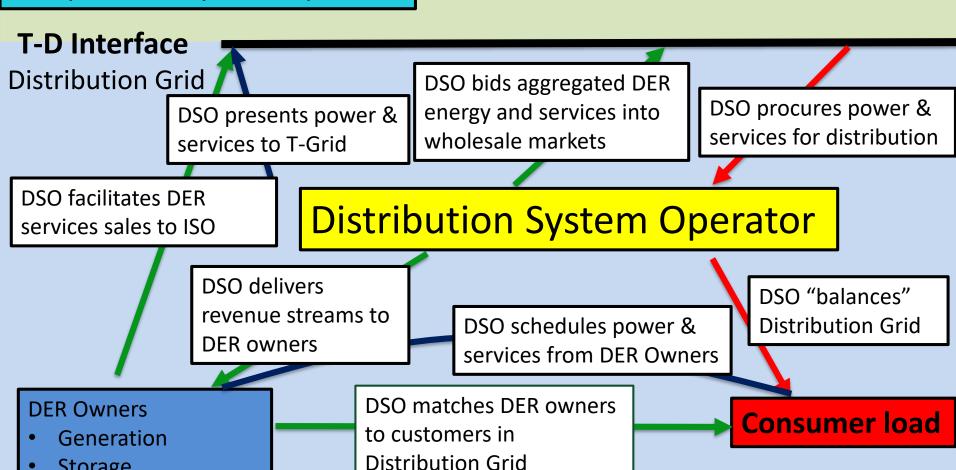
The reality is a bit more complex....



Transmission Grid

Independent System Operator

TRANSMISSION GRID WHOLESALE MARKETS



Wholesale Market

Demand Response

Storage

Why would anyone do this?



- 1. Improve reliability and simplify grid operations
- 2. Eliminate market distortions
- 3. Save ratepayers money
- 4. Accelerate the penetration of DER



DSOs solve four emerging problems:

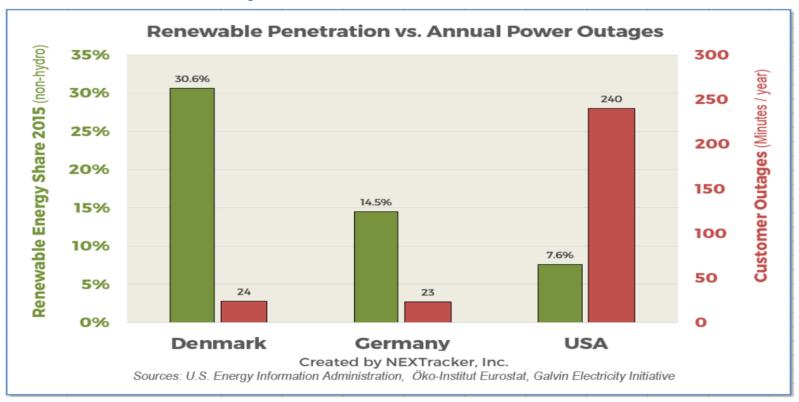


1. GRID RELIABILTY

- DSOs can provide critical distribution grid management to ensure both transmission and distribution grids remain reliable in a high DER world.
- DSOs can greatly simplify grid operations



High renewable penetration correlates with HIGH reliability

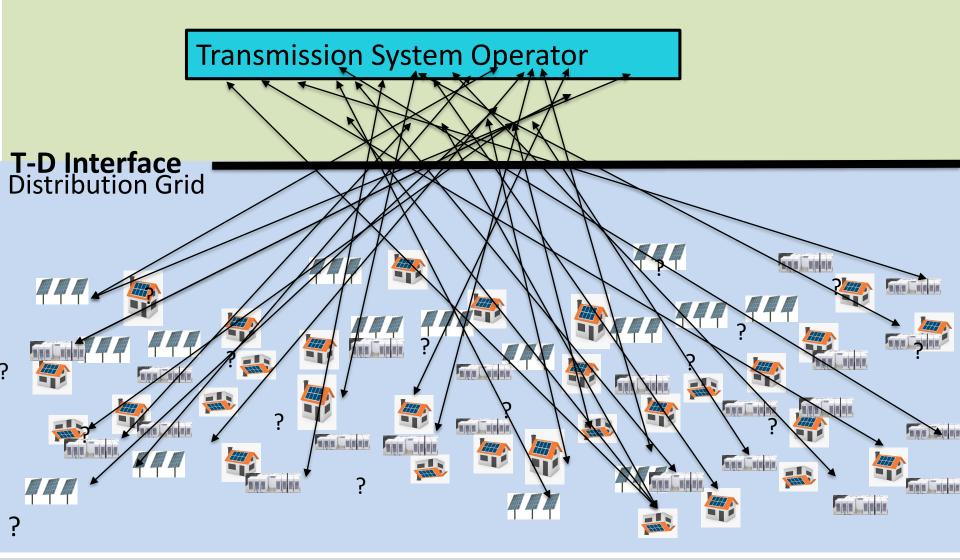


Daniel Shugar, https://www.linkedin.com/pulse/response-rick-perry-regarding-renewables-grid-stability-daniel-shugar, April 27, 2017

David Hochschild, CEC, David Owen, CAISO, Renewable energy no threat to electric grid, as Trump aides claim, S.F. Chronicle, June 16, 2017



Transmission Grid The TSO's Nightmare

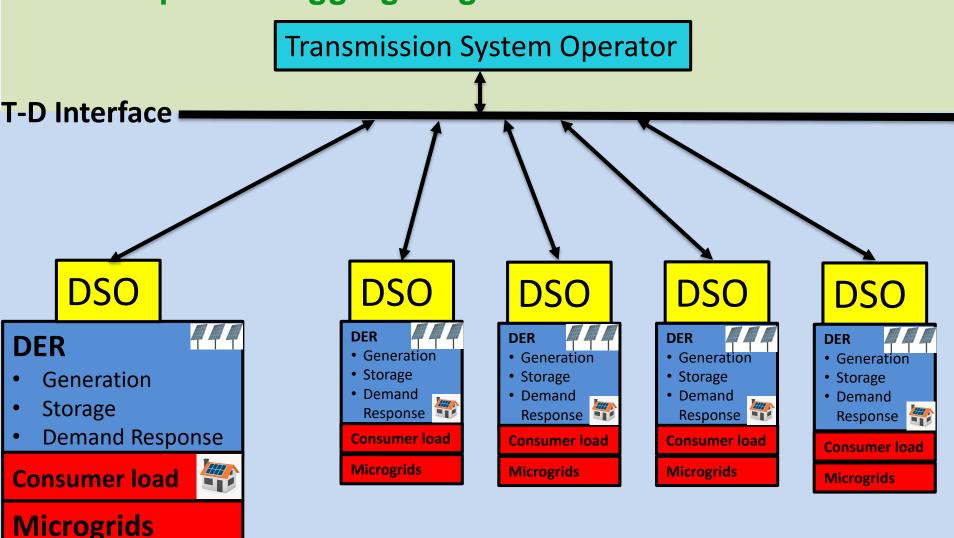




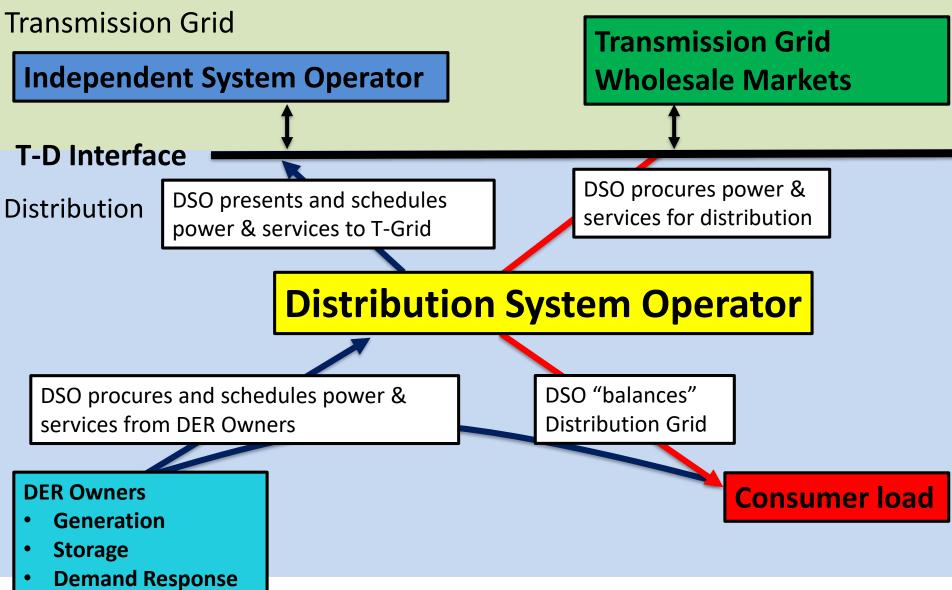




DSOs present aggregate generation and load to TSO









Key DSO functions 1 and 2

- First function of DSO: Reliability
 - Maintain distribution grid reliability
 - Implement advanced distribution management functions
 - DERMS
 - T-D- Interface transactions
- Second function of DSO: Scheduling coordinator
 - Scheduling coordinator for distribution grid
 - Scheduling coordinator to the T-D interface for transmission grid.

Advanced distribution functionality can make both distribution and transmission more reliable and efficient.

DSOs solve four emerging problems: Clean

2. Eliminate market distortions & conflicts of interest



2. Eliminate market distortions & conflicts of interest

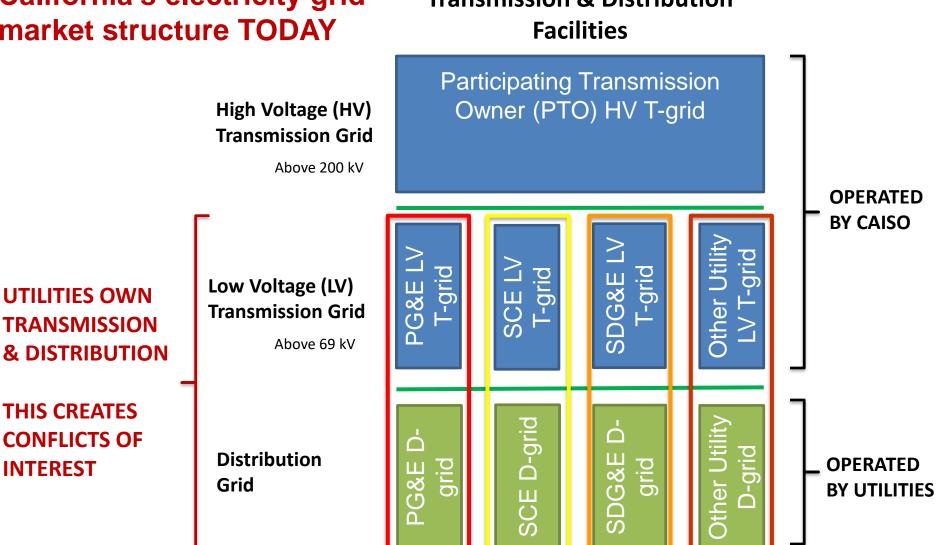
- DSO market structures can ensure cost effective resources procurement.
- Current market structures distort procurement incentives and prices in favor of remote resources.
- Conflicts of interest mean distribution level services are underdeveloped.

DSOs solve four emerging problems Clean Coalition 2. Eliminate market distortion & conflicts of interes



California's electricity grid market structure TODAY

Transmission & Distribution Facilities



DSOs solve four emerging problems:

2. Eliminate market distortion & conflicts of interest



Remote Generation

Utilities get paid for:

- Power and services delivered.
- Transmission charges for profits on existing assets
- **Guaranteed profits on new required transmission**



Distributed Energy Resources

Utilities get paid for:

- Power delivered.
- Transmission access charges*

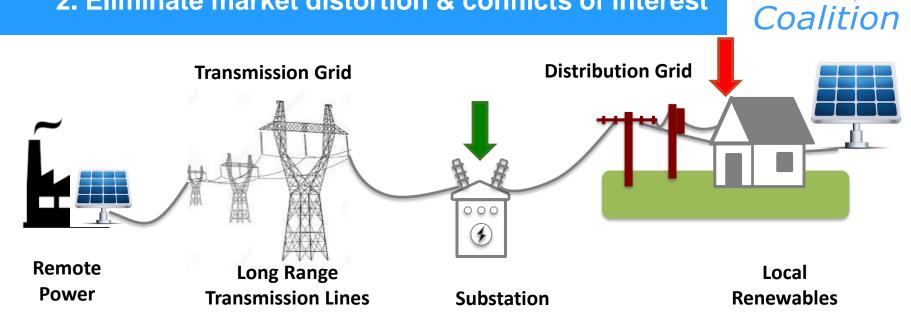
Utilities don't get paid for:

Guaranteed profits on new required transmission



*The Clean Coalition is sponsoring SB 692.

Transmission Access Charges (TAC) Campaign 2. Eliminate market distortion & conflicts of interest



Problem: Local DER pay transmission charges, even though they don't use transmission and don't induce investment

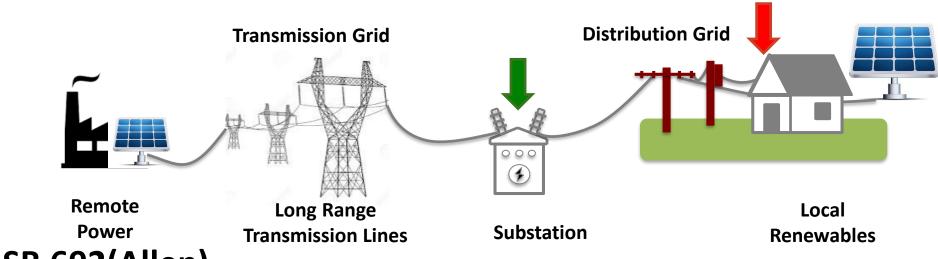
Solution:

Meter transmission at substation downflow so that local energy is not subject to transmission fees

- Increases the value of local energy
- Makes local renewables more competitive in procurement
- Saves ratepayers by avoiding new transmission investment

Clean

Transmission Access Charges (TAC) Campaign: Clean / 2. Eliminate market distortions & conflicts of interest Coalition



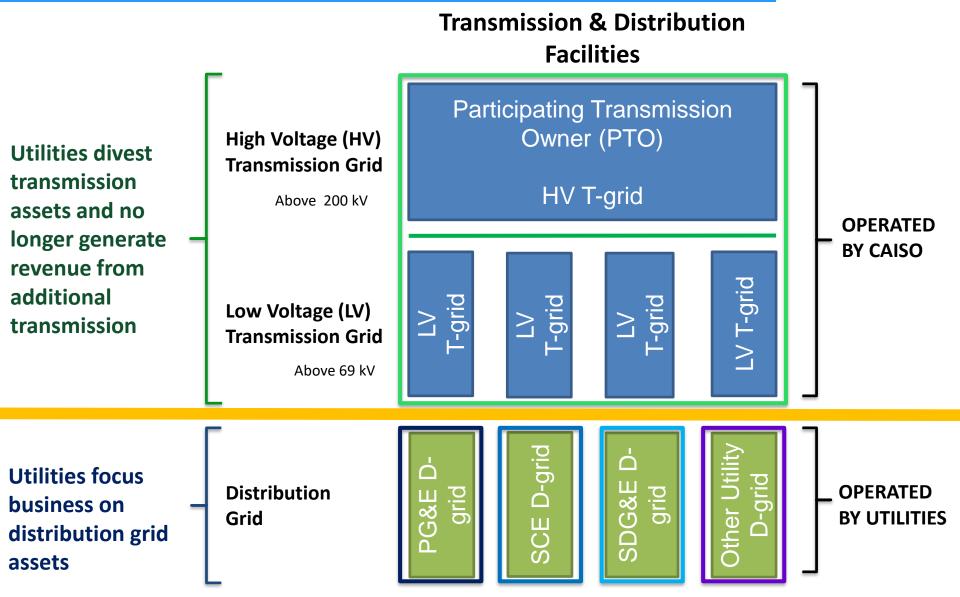
SB 692(Allen)

Eliminate the Transmission Access Charge Distortion

- **Problem:** Local DER pay transmission charges, even though they don't use transmission and don't induce investment.
- **Solution:** Meter transmission at substation downflow so that local energy is not subject to transmission fees
 - Makes DER more competitive in procurement (\$0.027 per kWh)
 - Saves ratepayers by avoiding new transmission investment

DSOs solve four emerging problems: 2. Eliminate market distortion & conflicts of interest





DSOs solve four emerging problems:

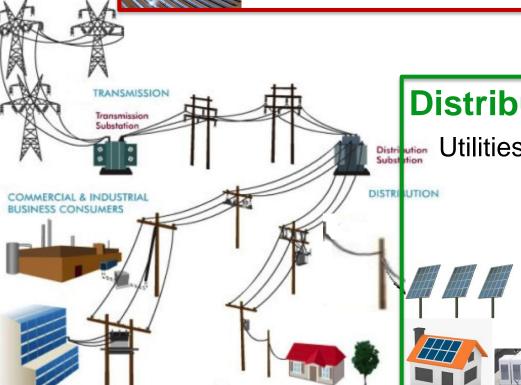
2. Eliminate market distortion & conflicts of interest



Remote Generation

Utilities get paid on:

- Power and services delivered.
- Transmission charges for existing and new assets.



Distributed Energy Resources

Distribution Utilities get paid on:

- Power and services delivered.
- Distribution services
- Indifferent to profits on avoided transmission
- Avoid transmission access charges by 2018*
 - *The Clean Coalition is sponsoring SB 692.

DSOs solve four emerging problems:

2. Eliminate market distortion & conflicts of interest



Key DSO functions 3

- Third function of DSO:
 - Procure cost effective mix of distributed and remote resources.
 - Act as fierce DER competitor in energy markets.

Decoupling profits for transmission from procurement removes market distortion and conflict of interest.

Ratepayers only pay for new and existing transmission on remote generation using transmission assets.

DSOs solve four emerging problems: 3. Save ratepayers money by smarter investment



3. Plan better investment and develop distribution level services.

- DSOs will have a strong incentive to avoid excess transmission investment.
- DSOs will have strong incentives to develop distribution level service.

DSOs solve four emerging problems: **an**/ 3. Save ratepayers money by smarter investment **alition**

Unplanned DER siting adds hundreds of millions to utility profits

Southern California Edison found that planned siting of ~4 GW of local renewables would reduce SCE's upgrade costs by over \$2.2 billion



Transmission is borne by ratepayers. DER interconnection borne by developer.

DSOs solve four emerging problems: 3. Save ratepayers money by smarter investment



Key DSO function 4

- Fourth function of DSO:
 - DSOs can run distribution grids more efficiently
 - Avoid transmission costs with distribution planning
 - DSOs have incentives to develop management systems for optimal visibility and scheduling.

Ratepayers would save from optimized investment and services scheduling.



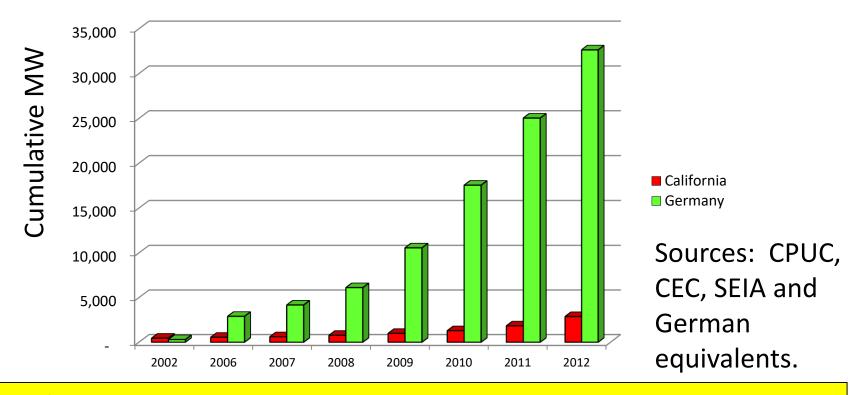
4. Accelerate deployment of DER

- DSOs can facilitate energy services markets to capture of full value stack for DER.
- DSOs would remove market distortions against DER.
- DSO have incentives to promote and develop DER supportive services.



California is failing to lead in distributed renewables

Cumulative deployed solar capacity deployed



As of 2017, Germany deployed more than twice as much solar as California despite California's 70% better solar resource, mostly as DER.



Why don't we have more DER?

DER provides a host of key benefits.

Grid management

- Local Capacity
- Frequency response
- Voltage management
- Avoid distribution grid upgrades
- Avoid transmission grid upgrade

Markets

- Saves money
- Greater market efficiency
- Diversity of energy services

Environmental benefits

- Protect habitat
- Reduce GHG emissions
- Reduce air pollution

Community benefits

- Provide local jobs
- Alleviate community health load
- Address environmental justice and inequity.



Why don't we have more DER?

California needs mature markets to capture the full value of DER to incentivize deployment.

DER only has limited capacity to recover its full value:

Marketable

- Power
- Frequency response
- Capacity

Markets missing

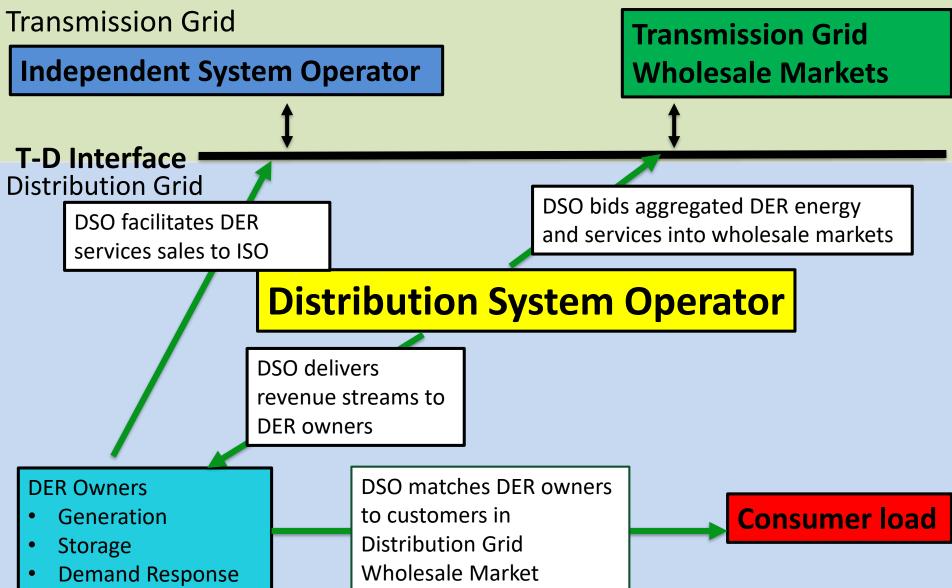
- Voltage management
- Reliability services
- Distribution deferral
- Customer services

Markets in development

Demand response

- Resiliency
- Avoided Transmission infrastructure
- Community benefits, pollution reduction







Key DSO functions 5

- Fifth function of DSO:
 - DSOs sell DER services to ISO at the T-D interface
 - DSO bids aggregate services to wholesale markets at the T-D interface.
 - DSOs facilitate distribution level wholesale markets to match DER services to customers.

DER owners capture a much broader range of values from coordination of various markets.



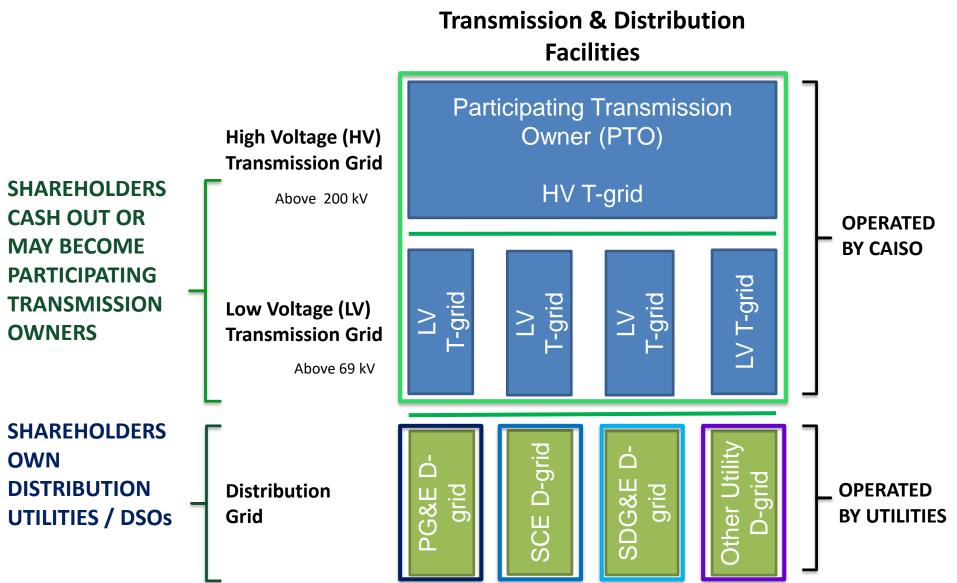
The Clean Coalition Plan Step 1: Separate transmission from distribution

Split existing utilities from transmission assets with a **bright line** between transmission and distribution businesses.

There is no (big) step 2

DSOs solve five emerging problems: 5. Create new opportunities





Clean Coalition Proposal: Clean Restructuring to drive competition and innovation Coalition



Restructuring drives better alignment of shareholder value with ratepayer value for cost effective energy.

- Shareholders hold DSO assets and transmission assets/cash.
- Diversified value streams come from providing a range of new distribution services.
- Value comes from more efficient services.
- Transmission business no longer cannibalizes distribution business.



The Clean Coalition Plan makes three changes:

- Improves operation of the distribution grid
- Fosters creation of distribution energy services markets
- Adjusts ownership of transmission assets to remove conflicts of interest

Clean Coalition Proposal: Clean f Restructuring to drive competition and innovation Coalition



Five Key DSO functions

- First Function: Maintain distribution grid reliability
- Second function: Scheduling coordinator
- Third function: Procure cost effective mix of distributed and remote resources as fierce DER competitor in energy markets.
- Fourth function: Run distribution grids with advanced functionality and planning.
- Fifth function: Facilitate distribution wholesale markets and bidding to transmission grid markets.

Clean Coalition Proposal: Clean Restructuring to drive competition and innovation Coalition Transmission Grid TRANSMISSION GRID **Transmission System Operator** WHOLESALE MARKETS

T-D Interface

Distribution Grid

DSO presents power & services to T-Grid

DSO bids aggregated DER energy and services into wholesale markets

DSO procures power & services for distribution

DSO facilitates DER services sales to ISO

Distribution System Operator

DSO delivers revenue streams to **DER** owners

DSO schedules power & services from DER Owners DSO "balances" **Distribution Grid**

DER Owners

- Generation
- Storage
- **Demand Response**

DSO matches DER owners to customers in

Distribution Grid

Wholesale Market

Consumer load

DSOs are Good for All Stakeholders



DSOs can benefit...

- Ratepayers:
 - Cost effective procurement
 - Avoided investment
- DER owners and developers:
 - Capture the full stack of DER value in a much larger market.
 - Remove market distortions favoring remote generation.
- Distribution utilities:
 - DSOs can expand the range of services utility business provide.
- TSOs:
 - Simplifying transmission grid operation through management T-D interface
 - Presentation of aggregate services at T-D interface
- Local Communities:
 - Local renewables reduce pollution, improve resiliency, and provide local jobs.
- **Society:** Local renewables reduces GHG emissions and habitat loss.

Clean Coalition Proposal: Restructuring to drive competition and innovation



A very brief history: 1990s

- AB 1890 (1997)
 - Utilities divested generation assets
 - Transmission System Operator (CAISO) established

Today:

- DSO Restructuring
 - Utilities divest TRANSMISSION assets
 - DISTRIBUTION System Operators (DSOs) established

Clean Coalition Proposal: Restructuring to improve competition and innovation



Wholesale Generators

Wholesale Generation

Owned by
Participating
Transmission
Owners

BRIGHT LINE



High Voltage (HV)
Transmission Grid

Above 200 kV

Low Voltage (LV)
Transmission Grid

Above 69 kV

Participating Transmission
Owner (PTO)
HV T-grid

LV T-arid LV T-grid LV T-grid LV T-grid

OPERATED BY CAISO

DSO owns and operates distribution grid

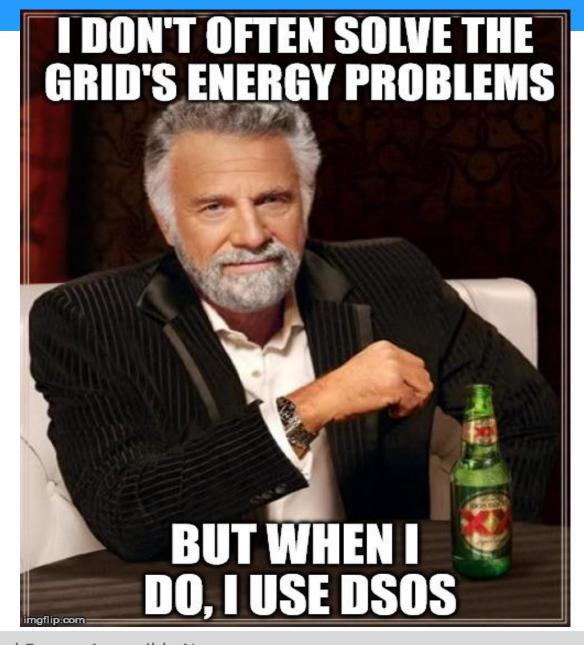
Distribution Grid

PG&E Dgrid SCE D-grid

SDG&E Dgrid Other Utility D-grid

OPERATED BY UTILITIES







The Distribution System Operator (DSO) Future

