

# Town of Moraga Facility Energy Generation Study

# **Community Meeting**

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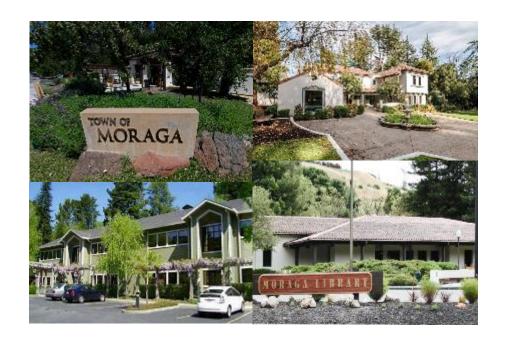
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# Moraga Facility Energy Generation Study: Community Meeting Agenda



### **Agenda**

- 1. Project Overview
- 2. Resilience and Resource Scenarios
- 3. Analysis Results
- 4. Recommendations & Next Steps



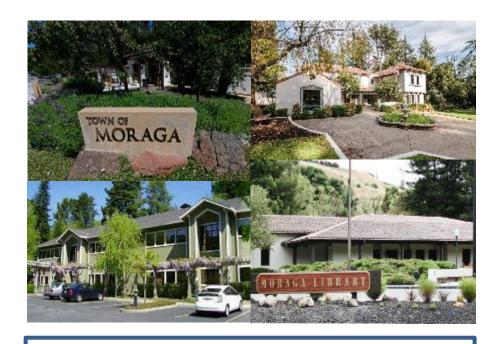
# Moraga Facility Energy Generation Study: Project Overview



Obtain and analyze energy usage at each of the four Town properties. Study and model various options to provide resilience at each site. Consider renewable energy and fossil fuel resources.

Provide a detailed report analyzing the power needs for each property and proposing various alternatives for independent and emergency backup power generation for each site.

Recommend the best options considering the Town's program and project goals for climate change, energy provider mix of resources, sustainability, financing, affordability.



- 1) Town Hall offices: 329 Rheem Boulevard
- 2) Corp Yard/Town Council Chambers/Emergency Operations: 335Rheem Boulevard
- Hacienda de las Flores Park: 2100 Donald Drive
- 4) Moraga Library: 1500 St. Mary's Road

# Moraga Facility Energy Generation Study: Project Steps/Methodology



### Step 1

# Load & Resilience Scenarios

- Recent historical loads (2019 due to COVID).
- Anticipated future loads.
- Critical loads: 5 days for each site.

### **Industry Tools:**

- UtilityAPI: input is 15-minute load data for 12 mos.
- Clean Coalition tools: load analysis & EV charging profile calculators

### Step 2

# **Resource Scenarios**

- Viable solar, storage, and fossil fuel for each site
- Sizing and combinations to satisfy critical load requirement
- Other scenarios not viable

### **Industry Tools:**

- Helioscope: solar sizing
- Energy Toolbase: resource sizing

### Step 3

# **Economic Analysis**

- Costs and financing options for each resource scenario deemed viable
- Added resilience value

### Industry Tools:

- Energy Toolbase: economic results
- Clean Coalition tool: avoided diesel calculator

### Step 4

### **Results**

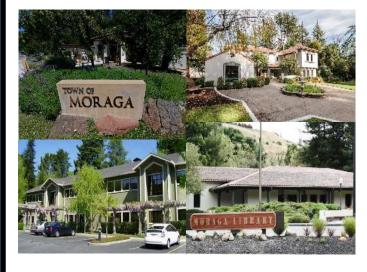
- Project Review
  Meetings
- Reports and Presentations
- Recommended options & next steps



## **Terms**



Baseline load profile	The historical annual usage of electrical loads per site that forms the basis for creating the master load profile.
Master load profile	The forecasted annual load profile used for this study's analysis, created from the baseline load profile plus adjustments for anticipated EV Charging Infrastructure (EVCI), electrification, energy efficiency, and new facilities.
Critical loads	Electrical loads that are necessary to be provided with 100% energy resilience during grid outages
Critical load profile	Annual load profile of the critical loads.
Total Critical Load Required (TCLR)	Total amount of energy required to serve the critical loads over the specified time period, e.g. 5 consecutive days.



# Resilience Scenarios Analyzed – Total Critical Load Required (TCLR)



Moraga Site	TCLR Calculation
Town Hall & Police Station	Electrical loads from the <u>highest five consecutive days</u> using the Master Load Profile
Corporation Yard & Council Chambers	Electrical loads from the <u>highest day and repeat for five days</u> using three options: 1) Baseline Load Profile; 2) Baseline + two Level 2 (L2) EV charging ports; 3) Master Load Profile – Baseline + two L2 EV charging ports + two Level 3 (L3) charging ports that are managed to provide charging simultaneously but at the rate of one L3 port.
Library	Electrical loads from the <u>highest day and repeat for 5 days</u> using the Baseline Load Profile.
Hacienda	Electrical loads from the <u>highest 5 consecutive days</u> using the Baseline Load Profile combining the Hacienda main building and the Pavilion

- EV charging will be included in the TCLR for Town Hall & Police Station and considered for the Corp Yard & Council Chambers, but not for the other sites. Nonetheless, EV charging can be available for all sites when solar is abundant.
- Where available, the peak load test details provided by Moraga were considered in sizing the TCLRs.

# **Resource Scenarios Analyzed**



Solar + storage	Feasible for detailed study.
Solar + storage + diesel generator	Feasible for detailed study.
Solar + diesel generator	Feasible for detailed study.
Diesel only	Feasible for detailed study.

Solar only	Not feasible. No resilience due to solar being automatically shut off when the grid goes out.
Battery only	Not feasible. Too large and costly to provide resilience without onsite energy generation.
Run of river hydro	Not feasible. Insufficient local hydro resources.
Geothermal	Not feasible. Insufficient local resources, uneconomical.
Biofuel	Not feasible. Nonexistent local supply, uneconomical to create.
Pipeline fueled generators	Not feasible. Pipes disrupted in earthquakes & extreme weather
Propane	Not feasible. Requires extra, separate tank vs. diesel



# Resource Scenario Site Layouts & Profiles

# Town Hall & Police Station – site layout & profile





### **Town Hall & Police Station Offices**

- · Address: 329 Rheem Boulevard
- Meter: 1009541102
- Tariff: B10S

#### Total annual load:

Baseline load profile: 116,338 kWh
Master load profile: 260,640 kWh

### Total solar siting potential

178 kWdc

### Solar sizing by recommended location:

- R-1 (Rooftop): 39.2 kWdc
- C-1 (Carport): 56.7 kWdc
- C-2: 66.2 kWdc
- C-3 (Carport): 10.9 kWdc

#### Solar to NZE:

Baseline load profile: 76 kWdc
 Master load profile: 173 kWdc

#### **Battery size**

Depends on scenarios

#### **Electric Vehicles**

- EV-1: Two existing L2 SemiConnect ports
- EV-2 Two new L2 ports for police station use.
- Estimated annual load of four L2 charging ports 144,302 kWh
- Two EV charging ports for employee and public & two EV charging ports for police station.

#### Critical loads

- Police station, Town offices, and Emergency Operation Center for Town functions.
- · 100% of load is critical.

#### Notes

- ADA requires some ratio of shading and EVCI coverage.
- Solar carports would require tree removal or trimming.
- Existing generators should be replaced

## **Corp Yard & Council Chamber – site layout & profile**





### **Corp Yard & Council Chamber**

Address: 335 Rheem Boulevard

Meter: 1009510796

Tariff: B1

#### Total annual load:

- Baseline load profile: 14,521 kWh
- Baseline load profile+L2: 82,032 kWh
- Master load profile: 191,532 kWh

### Total solar siting potential

61 kWdc

### Solar sizing by recommended location:

- R-1 (Rooftop): 6 kWdc
- C-1 (Carport): 23 kWdc
- C-2 (Carport): 32 kWdc

#### Solar to NZE:

- Baseline load profile: 10 kWdc
- Baseline+L2 load profile: 61kWdc
- Master load profile: 113 kWdc

### Battery energy storage:

· Depends on scenarios

#### Electric vehicle charging:

- EV-1: Two new L2 ports
- EV-2: Two new L3 ports
- Estimated annual load of two new L2 ports: 67,510 kWh
- Estimated annual load of two new L3 ports as managed as one: 109,500 kWh
- All EV charging is employee & municipal fleet only

### Critical loads:

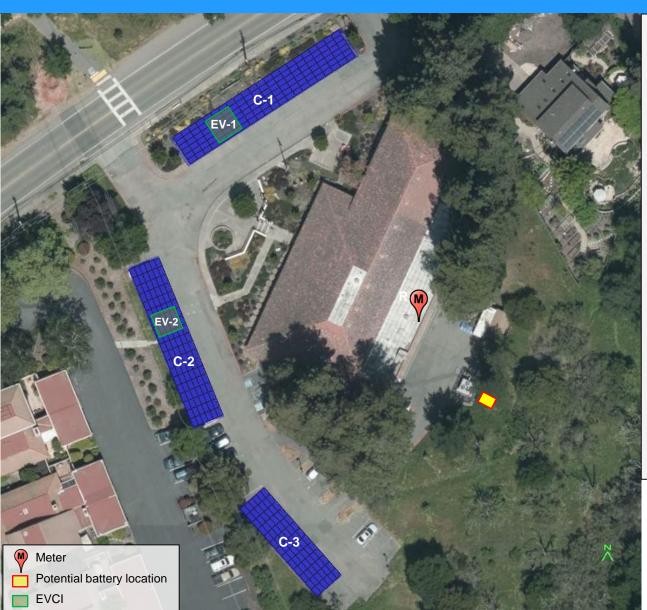
- Town council chambers, repair facilities, and Emergency Operation Center
- 100% of baseline load is critical as is some EV charging in specific scenarios

#### **Notes**

- Solar carports might require tree trimming.
- Existing generator too small

# Library – site layout & profile





### Library

Address: 1500 St. Mary's Road

Meter: 1009510796

Tariff: B1

#### Total annual load:

Baseline load profile: 107,619 kWh
Master load profile: 175,470 kWh

### Total solar siting potential

• 176 kWdc

### Solar sizing by recommended location:

C-1 (Carport): 46.2 kWdcC-2 (Carport): 39.9 kWdc

C-3 (Carport): 27.3 kWdc

#### Solar to NZE:

Baseline load profile: 69 kW
Master load profile: 113.4 kW

### Battery energy storage:

Depends on scenarios.

### Electric vehicle charging:

- EV-1: Two new level-2 EV charging ports
- EV-2: Two new level-2 EV charging ports
- Estimated annual load of four new Level-2 charging ports: 67,851 kWh
- All EV charging is employee and public

#### **Critical loads:**

- · Cooling center, internet, lighting, and plug loads
- 100% of load is critical

#### Notes:

- ADA requires some ratio of shading and EVCI coverage.
- Solar carports would require tree removal or trimming.

# Hacienda & Pavilion-site layout & profile





### **Hacienda & Pavilion**

- Address: 2100 Donald Dr.
- Hacienda meter: 5000111250
- Pavilion meter: 1004453420
- Tariff: B1

#### Total annual load:

- Baseline load profile: 37.295 kWh
- Master load profile: 68,065 kWh

### Total solar siting potential

87.5 kWdc

### Solar sizing by recommended location:

- C-1 (Carport): 25 kWdc
- C-2 (Carport): 28 kWdc

#### Solar to meet NZE:

- · Hacienda baseline load profile: 25 kWdc
- Hacienda master load profile: 49 kWdc
- Hacienda & Pavilion baseline load profile: 27kWdc
- Hacienda & Pavilion master load profile: 53kWdc

### **Battery energy storage**

Depends on scenarios.

### Electric vehicle charging:

- EV-1 or EV-2: Two new L2 EV charging ports
- Estimated annual load of two new L2 charging ports 33,926 kWh
- All EV charging is employee & public

#### **Critical loads**

Critical load only to cover weddings, walk-in refrigerator/freezer, server, and pavilion baseline loads

#### Notes

- Possible master metering opportunity to tie Pavilion into the Hacienda meter.
- ADA requires some ratio of shading and EVCI coverage.
- Solar carports would require tree removal or trimming.
- Lamp post in north parking lot could provide possible conduit for C-2 parking canopy



# **Economic Assumptions**

### **Key Points**



- 1. Each resource scenario satisfies the TCLR for each site during an outage; thus, the evaluation can focus on the other key criteria the economic results.
- The economic analysis considers financing each scenario via a "cash" option – paying the capital expenditure (Capex) and operating expenditure (Opex) costs for each system – compared with a Power Purchase Agreement (PPA).
- 3. A PPA is an established, industry-standard financial solution enabling site owners to pay for solar and solar + storage systems using a comprehensive, energy services contract based on the amount of solar energy (kWh) the system delivers, whether via solar in real-time or time-shifted via a battery, and with no upfront cash nor any operating or maintenance expenditures.
- Moraga will likely not choose the cash option and will therefore select the PPA.



## **Economic assumptions**



### The following economic assumptions apply to <u>ALL</u> scenarios:

- All sites have been modeled using rates to achieve the best economic savings. PG&E rate B-10S is used due to adding EV charging stations. For solar + diesel scenarios either B-19S Option R or B-10S is used, whichever yielded greater economic savings. For solar + storage + diesel scenarios B-19S Option S is used for greater economic savings. All use the MCE Light Green energy generation service.
- Electricity Bill Cost Escalation: 3% (very conservative could reach 10%).
- Battery replacement occurs at Year 16 and is included in the economic results
- Battery Storage state subsidy (SGIP) is included in the scenarios with storage
- The diesel generator costs are based on industrial-quality models which are appropriate for providing municipal backup power function. The operations and maintenance costs are based on market-based annually required costs for diesel generators.
- The most conservative estimates for solar generation during outages

Rate Schedule Details						
	Master Load Profile					
Site name	Current rate schedule	Current rate schedule	Rate schedule switch with solar that yields greatest economic savings	Rate schedule switch with solar+storage that yields greatest economic savings		
Town Hall Offices and Police Station	B-10	B-10	B-10	B-19 Option S		
Corp Yard and Council Chamber	B-1	B-10	B-19 Option R	B-19 Option S		
Library	B-1	B-10	B-10	B-19 Option S		
Hacienda+Pavilion	B-1	B-10	B-10	B-19 Option S		
Hacienda	B-1	B-10	B-10	B-19 Option S		

	Diesel Generator CAPEX + Installation											
Site	Generator Size (kW)	ATS Rated Amps	Generator and fuel Tank (\$)	Add Level 2 Sound Enclosure (\$)	Service Entrance Grade ATS (\$)	Tax and Shipping (\$)	Total Equipment Cost (\$)	Estimated Base Installation Cost (\$)	Total Baseline Installed Cost (\$)	Additional PG&E Service Upgrade Costs (\$)	Additional Cost to Replace or Upgrade Man Electrical Distribution Panel (\$)	Total Cost W/O PG&E Costs (\$)
Town Hall Offices and Police Station	80	800	\$32,000	\$3,200	\$16,000	\$5,120	\$56,320	\$56,320	\$112,640	N/A	\$28,800	\$141,440
Corp Yard and Council Chamber Baseline	20	200	\$20,000	\$2,000	\$8,300	\$3,030	\$33,330	\$33,330	\$66,660	N/A	-	\$66,660
Corp Yard and Council Chamber Baseline+L2	50	200	\$23,000	\$2,300	\$8,300	\$3,360	\$36,960	\$36,960	\$73,920	N/A	-	\$73,920
Corp Yard and Council Chamber Baseline+L2+L3	100	400	\$36,000	\$3,600	\$9,600	\$4,920	\$54,120	\$54,120	\$108,240	Not estimated	\$17,280	\$125,520
Library	100	800	\$36,000	\$3,600	\$16,000	\$5,560	\$61,160	\$61,160	\$122,320	N/A	\$28,800	\$151,120
Hacienda (Main Building + Pavilion) Main Building	50 50	800 400	\$23,000 \$23,000	\$2,300 \$2,300	\$16,000 \$9,600	\$4,130 \$3,490	\$45,430 \$38,390	\$45,430 \$38,390	\$90,860 \$76,780	Not estimated N/A	\$28,800	\$119,660 \$76,780
Pavilion	20	400	\$20,000	\$2,000	\$9,600	\$3,160	\$34,760	\$34,760	\$69,520	N/A	\$17,280	\$86,800

## **Economic assumptions (cont.)**



### **Included in the PPA cost analysis:**

- No PPA rate escalation
- All solar canopies and structures needed for parking areas
- EV chargers
- Required upgrades in electrical equipment

### Not included in the PPA cost analysis:

Additional required site preparation such as re-grading, full ADA compliance

### Assumptions that apply **ONLY** to a cash purchase option:

- Discount rate: 5%
- Federal Income Tax Rate: 30%
- State Income Tax Rate: 8%
- O&M Escalation Rate: 2%



# **Key Findings**

# **Key Findings**

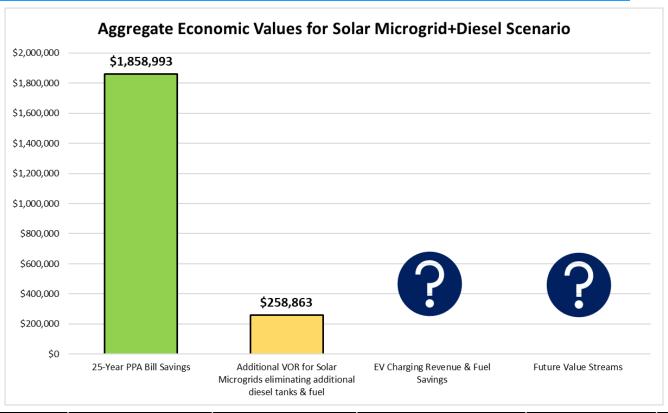


- Based on the detailed economic analysis, solar + storage and diesel-only are considered not preferable due to the cost and lack of savings each of these options would impose on Moraga. Solar + storage would cost over \$8M; diesel-only would cost over \$800K; most importantly, both options provide zero savings.
- By contrast, solar + diesel and solar + storage + diesel would each save Moraga <u>over \$1.8 million</u> over the 25year duration of these scenarios, utilizing the PPA option with no upfront cash and all maintenance and operations costs included.
- In addition, due to the addition of storage, the solar + storage + diesel option provides ongoing, indefinite support for a percentage of loads during outages, while also providing additional Value-of-Resilience (VOR) of over \$250,000, thus bringing the total savings to Moraga for this scenario at over \$2.1 million.



## Economic value: solar + storage + diesel

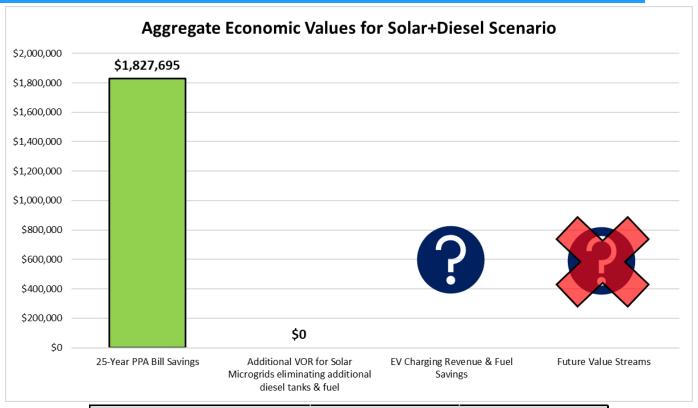




Solar Microgrid+Diesel Aggregate Economic Values							
Site name	Year 1 PPA Savings	25-Year PPA Bill Savings Additional VOR for Solar Microgrids eliminating additional diesel tanks & fuel		EV Charging Revenue & Fuel Savings	Future Value Streams		
Town Hall Offices and Police Station	\$2,026	\$622,069	\$82,502	?	?		
Corp Yard and Council Chamber	\$9,537	\$539,575	\$50,275	?	?		
Library	\$6,210	\$572,158	\$79,934	?	?		
Hacienda+Pavilion	(\$1,636)	\$125,192	\$46,152	?	?		
Total	\$16,137	\$1,858,993	\$258,863	?	,		

### Economic value: solar + diesel

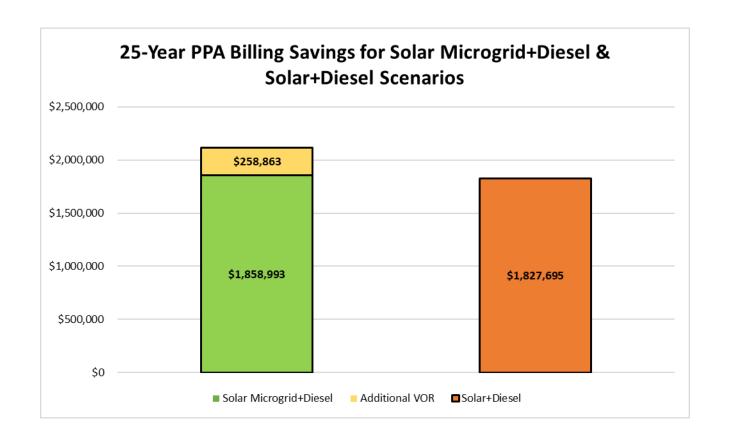




Solar+Diesel Aggregate Economic Values						
Site name	Year 1 PPA Savings	25-Year PPA Bill Savings				
Town Hall Offices and Police Station	\$11,214	\$828,367				
Corp Yard and Council Chamber	\$727	\$210,396				
Library	\$9,757	\$630,154				
Hacienda+Pavilion	\$326	\$158,779				
Total	\$22,024	\$1,827,695				

# Economic value: solar + storage + diesel and solar + diesel





## **Recommendations & Next Steps**



- Seek detailed proposals providing the optimal solution for Moraga based on this analysis.
- This is NOT the standard design, bid, build process.
   This requires a specially-skilled, highly-qualified consultant working alongside Moraga staff.
- An external consultant would produce the Request for Proposal (RFP) documents, administer the RFP process, review and score the proposal responses ensuring they comply with the requirements (not lowest bid), prepare the contract, facilitate contract negotiations, and manage the construction process to ensure adherence to performance requirements in the RFP and associated contract agreements.
- The PPA option is an energy services contract for 25
  years and thus the contracts and ongoing operations
  are negotiated as such, requiring specific external
  expertise.

